# SIR EDMUND HILLARY PRIMARY SCHOOL

POLICY REGARDING DISCIPLINE



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#### 1. POLICY REGARDING DISCIPLINE

2. EFFECTIVE DATE	01/04/2021	3. DATE OF NEXT REVIEW	01/04/2026
4. REVISION HISTORY	*22/04/2023		
	*16/05/2024		

#### 5. POLICY PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish and provide a framework within which disciplinary steps at Sir Edmund Hillary Primary School will be taken.

The disciplinary policy is thus a reference to guide the school management team through the disciplinary process, to inform the broader school community of the disciplinary code of the school and to establish the rules and procedures to guide disciplinary action.

#### 6. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

This policy needs to read in conjunction with any additional policies, rules and procedures. These may include the following:

- National Education Act
- SA Schools Act 84 of 1996
- Departmental circulars
- Department of Education: Procedures of Handling Learner Misconduct
- Equal Opportunity Act (SA, 1984)
- Disability Discrimination Act (Commonwealth, 1992)
- Child protection (1990) ◊ Antiracism (1990) ◊ Parents and schools (1991)
   ♦ Students with disabilities (2006)
- Procedures for suspension, exclusion and expulsion of students from attendance at school (1995).
- Learner Wellbeing Framework
- Protective Practices for Staff in their interaction with students
- Reducing Bullying in Schools
- National Safe Schools Framework

#### 7. POLICY AIM AND OBJECTIVE

To create and instil a sense of self – discipline and order within the school where all learners will have the opportunity to grow and develop in structured and positively controlled environment. All punishment administered must be:

- Fair
- Reasonable
- Appropriate to the offence committed by the learner
- Relatively immediate
- Acceptable and humane.

#### 8. POLICY REGULATIONS

#### **Disciplinary Rules**

In an effort to maintain discipline at the school and ensure that teaching and learning is not disrupted through behavioural problems, the SGB puts forwards the disciplinary rules described below.

# **Ordinary Offences**

- a. The following acts are considered as Ordinary offences:
  - (i) Late coming
  - (ii) Failure to complete school work (class work and homework) given.
  - (iii) Playing truant or bunking periods.
  - (iv) Littering anywhere on the school premises.
  - (v) Use of foul language, insulting fellow students.
  - (vi) Incorrect uniform
  - (vii) Minor disruptive behaviour
- b. Educators will resolve the above stated offences and keep records of the date of offence, type of offence, name of learner and how the matter was resolved. The educator may counsel the learner, use verbal warnings or written reprimand to resolve the problem.
- c. After three ordinary offences have been recorded against a learner the matter must be referred to the Principal who together with the educator shall implement one of the following measures:

- (i) Give the learner supervised school work, ensuring that parents are informed timeously.
- (ii) Suspend the learner from some school activities e.g. sport, cultural activities.
- d. Should the learner continue to commit ordinary offences, a warning letter will be sent to the parent, if the behaviour persists the parent will be called to school to discuss the matter and the likelihood of serious action being taken by the school.

#### Schedule 1 - Misconduct

- a. A learner will be guilty of Schedule 1 misconduct if he/she:
  - (i) seriously threatens, disrupts or frustrates teaching or learning in a class;
  - (ii) engages in a conspiracy to disrupt the proper functioning of the school through collective action;
  - (iii) insults the dignity of or defames any learner or any other person, which includes racist remarks;
  - (iv) distributes, or is in the possession of any test or examination material that may enable another person to gain an unfair advantage in a test or examination;
  - (v) cheats in a test or examination or any other form of assessment such as assignments;
  - (vi) engages in any act of public indecency;
  - (vii) sexually harasses another person;
  - (viii) is found in possession of or distributes pornographic material;
  - (ix) Smokes or is in possession of cigarettes or minor assault causing no lasting injury.
  - (x) Is under the influence or in the possession of alcohol.
- b. After Schedule 1-misconduct has been noted against a learner's name, the matter should be referred in writing to the Principal of the school. Following a thorough investigation and confirmation of the allegation a written warning, the Principal will send a written warning to the parent.
- c. A further offence in this category will be dealt with as per serious misconduct.

#### Schedule 2 – Serious Misconduct

- a. The following acts are considered as Serious Misconduct:
  - i) Rape;
  - ii) Indecent assault;
  - iii) Sexual harassment with aggravating circumstances;
  - iv) Assault with the intention to do grievous bodily harm;
  - v) Common assault of an educator;
  - vi) Serious intimidation of the other learner, teaching and nonteaching staff;
  - vii) Malicious damage of the state property;
  - viii) Theft with aggravating circumstances;
  - ix) Robbery;
  - x) Possession of dangerous weapons on school premises;
  - xi) The possession, sale or abuse of illegal substances;
  - xii) The possession of obscene material including; material depicting sexual images in all its forms;
  - xiii) Being on the school premises or at a school function outside the school premises while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or illegal substances;
  - xiv) The theft of examination papers or the possession or sale of such stolen examination papers; and
  - xv) Repeated Ordinary Offences and Schedule 1 Misconduct
- b. After a serious misconduct has been noted against a learner's name, the matter should be referred in writing to the Principal of the school. Following a thorough investigation and confirmation of the allegation the matter must be referred to the Disciplinary Committee.

#### **Responsibilities of Learners**

- a) On acceptance of the Code of Conduct by parents and the RCL (Schools with Gr.8 or higher), learners must implement the Code of Conduct.
- b) The RCL should promote the code of conduct for learners but does not have the authority to punish other learners.

# Responsibilities of Parents Regarding the Code of Conduct

- a) The ultimate responsibility for learner behaviour rests with the parent who is expected to support the school and ensure that learners observe the school rules and regulations and accept responsibility for their misbehaviour.
- b) Parents/Guardians should attend meeting convened by the Governing Body/SMT for them.

#### **Due Process in the Event of Serious Misconduct**

- a) In accordance with Government Gazette 189 of 1990 and Provincial Gazette 236 of 1997, the following procedure will be followed in the event of serious misconduct in order to ensure a fair hearing of the case. The penalties of suspension or expulsion can only be imposed after the due process described below has been followed:
  - i) Any learner alleged to have violated any rule that may require suspension or expulsion must be brought to the principal. The principal shall hear the evidence and then decide on the action to be taken.
  - ii) In the event that the learner is to be charged with serious misconduct, the principal must inform the learner's parents in writing of the proposed action and arrange for a fair hearing by a small disciplinary committee consisting of members designated by the SGB.
  - iii) The principal must write a written report of the case to the District Director explaining the decision to charge the learner.
  - iv) A copy of written charges shall be delivered to the learner concerned and his/her parents/guardians by handing it over to him/her personally; and forward it by prepaid registered post to the parents or guardians last known residential address.
  - v) If the leaner admits the charge, either in writing or orally in person before the principal, he or she shall be deemed guilty of serious misconduct as charged.

- vi) At the hearing, the principal of a Public School which a learner attends or an official appointed in writing by the Head of Department shall be the presiding officer.
- vii) In the case where a learner admits his or her guilt on a charge of serious misconduct, the principal or the appointed official should make recommendation/s on the correctional measures to be imposed, to the District Director, or in the event that expulsion of such learner is recommended to the Head of Department, or the presiding officer shall in writing appoint an educator at the school concerned, to act as prosecuting officer in the hearing.
- viii) In the case where the learner denies his/her guilt on a charge of serious misconduct, hears the charge in the set out below and, upon a finding of guilty, makes a recommendation on the correctional measures to be imposed.
- ix) For the hearing learners must be informed and understand the charge, with five (5) days notice, indicating time, place and date.
- At the hearing the prosecuting officer may present facts by the way of adducing oral written statements or documentary evidence.
- xi) At the hearing the learner shall have the right to be personally present and to be represented by his/her parents/guardians or a person nominated by the learner or his/her parents/guardian who shall have the right:
  - be heard by impartial persons
  - treated with dignity during the process
  - to present facts from the learner by adducing his/her statement, either in writing or orally or documentary evidence in defence of the learner.
  - to question any witness called in support of the charge.

- to have access to documentary evidence produced in support of the charge.
- be informed in writing of the decision if it is suspension or expulsion
- xii) The School Governing Body is obliged to keep a complete record of proceedings and outcome of the disciplinary hearing.
- xiii) In the event of the learner being found guilty, the presiding officer may impose the following correctional measure upon the learner found guilty or deemed to be guilty of the charge:
  - caution or reprimand the learner
  - direct his/her detention after school hours for a specific period of time.
  - Suspension of up to one week or for a reasonable period while awaiting the approval of the Head of Department for expulsion.
- xiv) The disciplinary proceedings contemplated here shall be conducted in a fair, equitable, open and transparent manner.

# **Suspension of a Learner for Serious Misconduct**

- a) According to Section 9(1) of SASA, a School Governing Body (SGB) may, on reasonable grounds and as a precautionary measure, suspend a learner who is suspected of serious misconduct from attending school, but may only enforce such suspension, after the learner has been granted a reasonable opportunity to make representations to it in relation to such suspension.
- b) If a learner is suspended, the governing body must conduct the disciplinary proceedings within 7 (seven) days of the suspension, failing which, the governing body must obtain the approval of the HOD for the continuation of the suspension of such a learner.
- c) According to Section 9(1)(C) of SASA, a governing body may, after a fair hearing, suspend a learner from attending school, as a sanction for a period not longer than 7 (seven) school days.

d) According to Section 9(1)(E) of SASA, a governing body may suspend or extend the suspension of a learner for a period not longer than 14 days, pending a decision as to whether the learner is to be expelled from the school by the HOD.

#### **Serious Misconduct and the Law**

a) Serious misconduct which may include offences according to the law must be investigated by the police and referred to the Court if necessary.

# Institution of which may Lead to Suspension or Expulsion

- a) The learner must be questioned by the principal.
- b) On the basis of evidence collected, the principal may institute a disciplinary hearing.
- c) Only the principal may institute disciplinary action against a learner in respect of serious misconduct.
- d) The principal may institute disciplinary action against a learner in respect of serious misconduct only if:
  - i) There is sufficient evidence to institute such proceedings; and
  - ii) the principal considers it to be the interest of the school and its community that such disciplinary action should be instituted.

#### **Disciplinary Committee (DC) for Serious Misconduct**

- a) Upon the advice of the principal, the SGB must appoint a DC to adjudicate the allegation of serious misconduct.
- b) The DC appointed by the SGB must comprise of three persons who are members of the SGB or are nominated by the SGB.
- c) The DC is subjected to the following conditions:
  - The chairperson of DC must be a parent member or community member of the SGB.
  - ii) The two remaining members of the disciplinary committee may not be the principal or a learner at the school.
  - iii) No person may be appointed to the disciplinary committee if he or she has personal knowledge of any matter that may be in dispute at the hearing.
- d) In appointing members of the disciplinary committee, issues of representivity in terms of gender and race must be reflected in the composition of the panel.

e) Only Grade 12 members of the RCL may be allowed to observe the disciplinary proceedings.

# **Procedure for Hearing of Serious Misconduct**

- a) Regulation 5 of the Notice outlines the procedures for hearing of serious misconduct and other steps to be followed to ensure that the process is fair and transparent.
- b) The principle of FAIRNESS is expected to apply during the disciplinary proceedings:
  - i) The principles of fairness require that the accused person understands all the allegations against him or her, and is given a fair opportunity to respond to those allegations.
  - ii) This would therefore require that an opportunity be provided for the cross-examination of a person making allegations by the person against whom the allegations are made.
  - iii) The learner has the right to be represented by the legal representative.
  - iv) The evidence before the DC must be fairly evaluated and considered, and a decision must be taken without bias, malice or prejudice against anyone.
  - v) The circumstance of the accused person must be considered, and mitigation factors (such as the matter being a first offence) should be taken into account.
  - vi) Equality before the law requires that there be no unfair discrimination, directly or indirectly, on the basis of *inter alia* race, gender, age or religion.
  - vii) It also requires that like cases should be treated alike.
- c) The SGB makes a recommendation for expulsion to the HOD after a fair hearing.
- d) This recommendation of the DC must be forwarded to the HOD in writing.
- e) The parents of the learner must be notified in writing of their right to forward an accompanying letter with the recommendation, stating their position on the incident, if they so wish. This letter may serve as a part of the appeal process.

- f) The HOD then investigates the procedural and substantive aspects of the guilty verdict and the sanction recommended.
- g) The HOD's decision, after due consideration of the reports and the record of proceedings from the DC, together with the optional letter from parent, is final.
- h) If the HOD expels a learner who is of compulsory school age,
   he/she must ensure that the learner is admitted to another school.
- i) If the HOD decides to impose on the learner a lesser punishment, other than expulsion, he/she may, after consultation with the SGB, impose a suitable sanction on the learner, or if he/she decides not to impose a sanction on the learner, he/she will refer the matter back to the SGB for an alternative sanction.

# **Appeal Procedures**

- A learner or the parent(s) of a learner who has been expelled or a representative designated by him/her may appeal against the decision of the HOD to the MEC, within 14 (fourteen) days.
- b) Alternative arrangements for the continued education of the learner who has appealed must be made by the HOD, until the appeal has been finalised.
- c) The MEC must, within 5 (five) days notify the HOD and SGB that the appeal has been lodged and furnish them with a copy thereof, and request them, within 5 (five) days after receipt of the appeal, to make comments with regard to the appellant's reasons for the appeal and any other information relevant to the appeal.
- d) After consideration of all the information, the MEC must, within 5 (five) days of receipt of the documentation, provide the learner with the decision regarding the appeal.
- e) If an appeal by a learner who has been expelled from a public school is upheld by the Member of the Executive Council, the Member of the Executive Council must ensure that a suitable sanction is then imposed on the learner within 14 days of the date on which the appeal was upheld.

# 9. PROMOTION OF CODE OF CONDUCT

a) This policy will be displayed openly in the school.

- b) This policy will be made available to each learner in the official language of teaching and learning on registration.
- c) This policy shall clarify in positive terms what the expectations of the school are.
- d) The following actions shall be taken to clarify the expectation of the school to learners:
- Each learner to be given a copy of the code of conduct at the beginning of each year, younger learners at primary to be informed verbally.
- ii) Classroom rules and the consequences for breaking these rules must be displayed in the class.

# **APPROVAL** Discipline

Recommended by: Principal (print name)	Signature:	
Date:		
Approved by:	Ι	Γ
SGB Chairperson	Signature:	
-	Signature.	
(Print name)		
Date:		•
Verification by GDE:		
Cluster Manager	Signature:	
(Print Name)		
Date of Verification		
Verification by GDE:	Signature:	
Circuit Manager		
(Print Name)		
Date of Verification		•
Certified by :		
District Director	Signature:	
(Print Name)		
Date:		